#### Regulating Invasive Species In Wisconsin



Brent Hanson Hanson's Garden Village

#### - NR 40 -

# Wisconsin's Invasive Species Identification, Classification and Control Rule



#### What is an "Invasive Species"?

- Nonnative species whose introduction causes or is likely to cause economic or environmental harm or harm to human health (Wisconsin Statutes 23.22)
  - Plants (terrestrial and aquatic)
  - Animals (vertebrates and invertebrates)
  - Disease-causing organisms

#### Two Parts to the Rules

- The species list and the regulations that apply to them
- Preventive measures
  - Transportation and introduction of aquatics
  - Quarantine of pest species

#### Overview of the Process

- Wis. Council on Invasive Species (WCIS) + WIDNR developed assessment process listing criteria and draft regulations Chose species to be assessed
- Literature reviews developed
- Expert and stakeholder groups (SAGs) conducted assessments, recommended classification for each species
- WIDNR staff developed proposed regulations, with input from WCIS
- Extensive public input and revisions
  - 5 year process

#### Overview of SAG Process

- All SAG members received literature findings before meeting
- Each completed Individual Reporting Form for each species before meeting
- Tallied and discussed initial ratings
- Sought general agreement on recommended category
- All significant comments recorded
- Council generally agreed with SAG recommendations – these used for rule

#### Categories of Invasives

#### Prohibited

 Not yet in the state or established in pioneer stands only, still have potential to eradicate and prevent, high potential for environmental damage if widely established.

#### Restricted

Already established in the state, high environmental impacts

- \*Caution More information needed, uncertain of level of potential harm
- \*Non-restricted Socio-economic benefits of species high, environmental impacts of invasion variable
- \*Pending Species not yet assessed or listed, but will likely be assessed for future rule revisions

#### Criteria Used for Assessment

- Current status and distribution (in WI and similar environments)
- Establishment potential and life history traits
- Damage potential
- Socio-economic impacts (of the species invasiveness and of potential restrictions)
- Control and prevention potential

#### Regulatory Categories

Prohibited – Not yet in the state or established in pioneer stands only; still have potential to eradicate and prevent statewide; high potential for environmental damage if widely established.

**Restricted** – Already established in the state; high environmental impacts

### Prohibited & Restricted (Split-listed) Plants

Plants that are only locally or regionally abundant have split classification:

- Restricted where they are more abundant
- Prohibited where they are generally not yet known







Black swallow-wort flowers, distribution map, growth

### Proposed Regulations By Category

Prohibited – No person may transport (import/move), possess, transfer (buy/sell) or introduce a prohibited species without a permit. The department may order or conduct a control effort.

Restricted – No person may transport (import/move), possess (fish only), transfer (buy/sell) or introduce a restricted species without a permit. Control encouraged but not required.

### Many Exemptions – no permit required to transport, transfer or introduce

#### **Examples:**

- Identification, control or disposal (reporting may be required)
- Non-reproductive plant parts

## Transport, possession, transfer or introduction not considered a violation if:

- the Department determines the action was incidental or unknowing, and
- 2. the person took reasonable precautions

"Reasonable precautions" includes approved Best Management Practices

#### When prohibited species are found:

- DNR will work with the landowner to survey and determine if control is reasonable and feasible.
- If so:
  - With permission of the landowner, or an inspection warrant, DNR may inspect the property and aid with control and monitoring
  - When possible, DNR will seek funding sources for control costs

#### For Restricted Species:

- Controls will be encouraged, but not required, unless:
  - a plant is listed locally as a noxious weed

#### Terrestrial Plants - Prohibited

- Porcelain berry Ampelopsis brevipedunculata
- Yellow star thistle Centaurea solstitialis
- Scotch broom Cytisus scoparius
- Chinese yam Dioscorea oppositifolia
- Giant hogweed Heracleum mantegazzianum
- Perennial pepperweed Lepidium latifolium
- Sericea lespedeza Lespedeza cuneata / Lespedeza sericea
- Japanese honeysuckle Lonicera japonica
- Japanese stilt grass Microstegium vimineum
- Princess tree Paulownia tomentosa
- Mile-a-minute vine Polygonum perfoliatum
- Giant knotweed Polygonum sacchalinense / Fallopia sacchalinense
- Kudzu Pueraria montana / Pueraria lobata
- Sawtooth oak Quercus acutissima
- Wineberry Rubus phoenicolasius
- Spreading hedge parsley Torilis arvensis
- Pale swallowwort Vincetoxicum rossicum / Cynanchum rossicum

#### Plants Split-listed

(Prohibited where unknown, Restricted where already known - plus)

- <u>Celandine Chelidonium majus</u> Restricted south of Hwy 64. Prohibited north of Hwy 64
- European marsh thistle Cirsium palustre Restricted east of Hwy 13 and north of Hwy 29, including Door County. Prohibited elsewhere
- <u>Tall manna grass Glyceria maxima</u> Restricted east of a line from Oconto to Arlinton to the Illinois state line. Prohibited elsewhere
- <u>Japanese hops Humulus japonicus</u> Restricted in Grant and Crawford Counties.
   Prohibited elsewhere
- Lyme grass Leymus arenarius / Elymus arenarius Restricted in Door, Kewaunee,
   Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Racine Counties. Prohibited elsewhere
- Amur honeysuckle Lonicera maackii Restricted south of a line from LaCrosse to Wautoma to Oconto. Prohibited elsewhere
- <u>Japanese hedge parsley Torilis japonicus</u> Restricted south of a line from LaCrosse to Coloma to Heafford Junction to the Michgan state line. Prohibited elsewhere
- Wild chervil Anthriscus sylvestris Restricted only in Barron, Columbia, Dane, Milwaukee, Polk and Walworth Counties. Prohibited elsewhere.
- Poison hemlock Conium maculatum Restricted in Iowa and Grant Counties.
   Prohibited elsewhere.
- Hill mustard Bunias orientalis Restricted in Green and Lafayette Counties. Prohibited elsewhere.
- Hairy willow herb Epilobium hirsutum Restricted in Kenosha County. Prohibited elsewhere.
- Black swallowwort Vincetoxicum nigrum / Cynanchum louiseae Restricted south of a line from LaCrosse to Madison to Milwaukee. Prohibited elsewhere

#### Terrestrial Plants - Restricted

- Tree of heaven Ailanthus altissima
- Garlic mustard Alliaria petiolata
- Creeping bellflower Campanula rapunculoides
- Plumeless thistle Carduus acanthoides
- Musk thistle Carduus nutans
- Oriental bittersweet Celastrus orbiculatus
- Spotted knapweed Centaurea biebersteinii
- Canada thistle Cirsium arvense
- Hound's tongue Cynoglossum officinal
- Cut-leaved teasel Dipsacus laciniatus
- Common teasel Dipsacus sylvestris
- Russian olive Elaeagnus angustifolia
- Autumn olive Elaeagnus umbellata
- **Helliborine orchid** *Epipactis* helleborine
- Cypress spurge Euphorbia cyparrissias
- Leafy spurge Euphorbia esula
- Hemp nettle Galeopsis tetrahit

- •Glossy buckthorn Frangula alnus / Rhamnus frangula (exempts cultivars asplenifolia and Ron Williams)
- •Dame's Rocket Hesperis matronalis
- •European bush honeysuckles Lonicera tactarica, L. morrowii, L.bella
- •Purple loosestrife Lythrum salicaria
- •Wild parsnip Pastinaca sativa (exempts vegetable)
- •Common reed *Phragmites australis* (exempts native ecotype)
- •Japanese knotweed Polygonum cuspidatum
- •Common buckthorn Rhamnus cathartica
- •Multiflora rose Rosa multiflora
- •Tansy Tanacetum vulgare (Exempts cultivars Crispum and Aureum)
- •Narrow-leaf cattail Typha angustifolia
- •Hybrid cattail Typha x glauca

#### Reporting Prohibited Species

- Take a photo or collect a plant
- Record location, landowner (if known), size of population
- Send to: <u>Invasive.species@wi.gov</u>
  - Endangered Resources /Invasives WDNR 101 S. Webster St. Madison, WI 53707-7921 608-267-5066

#### For More Information:

• Best Management Practices: http://council.wisconsinforestry.org/invasives/

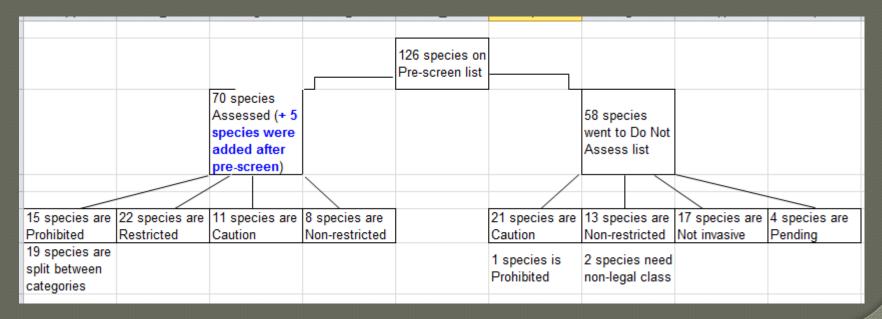
• NR 40 – Invasive Species Rule:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/invasives/classification/

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#### First Go-Round Results

- Just under half were assessed
- Of those, most became regulated
- The 1<sup>st</sup> Go-Round caught the low-hanging fruit





Porcelain berry (Ampelopsis brevipedunculata)

#### Japanese Hops (Humulus japonicus)







(Humulus japonicus)



#### Lyme Grass (*Leymus arenarius*)





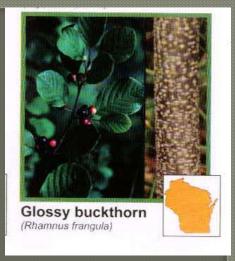






#### Glossy Buckthorn (*Rhamnus frangula*)







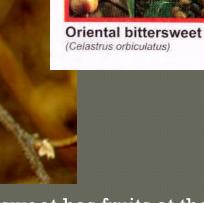
### Tartarian Honeysuckle (Lonicera tatarica)



### Oriental bittersweet (Celastrus orbiculatus)









Native bittersweet has fruits at the end of the stem, Oriental is at the nodes.



### Creeping Bellflower (Campanula rapunculoides)



#### Cypress Spurge (Euphorbia cyparissias)





### Japanese Knotweed (Polygonum cuspidatum)



#### Japanese Barberry (Berberis thunbergii)



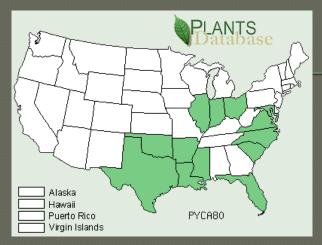




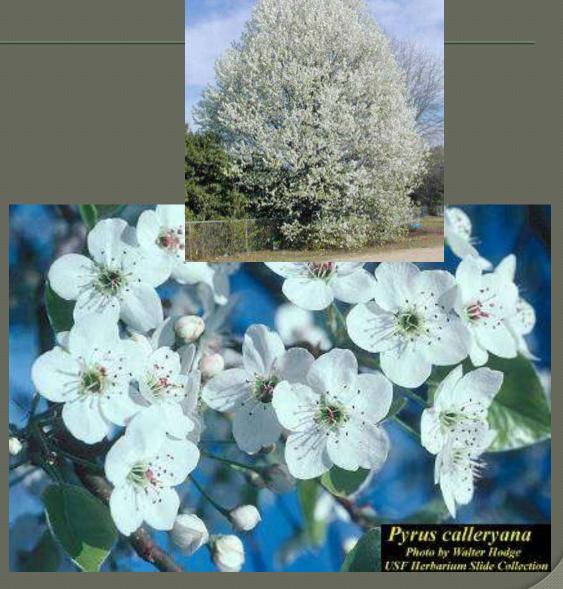




#### Callery pear (Pyrus calleryana)







#### **Second Go-Round**



#### Anticipated timeline:

- June 27, 2012 Board presentation
- October 2012 Council reviews species proposed by the Species Assessment Groups
- Spring 2013 Public listening sessions,
   economic impact research
- Fall 2014 Target for final rule

### Presentation By Brent Hanson Hanson's Garden Village

From Information Supplied By Wisconsin DNR – Bureau of Endangered Resources

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